

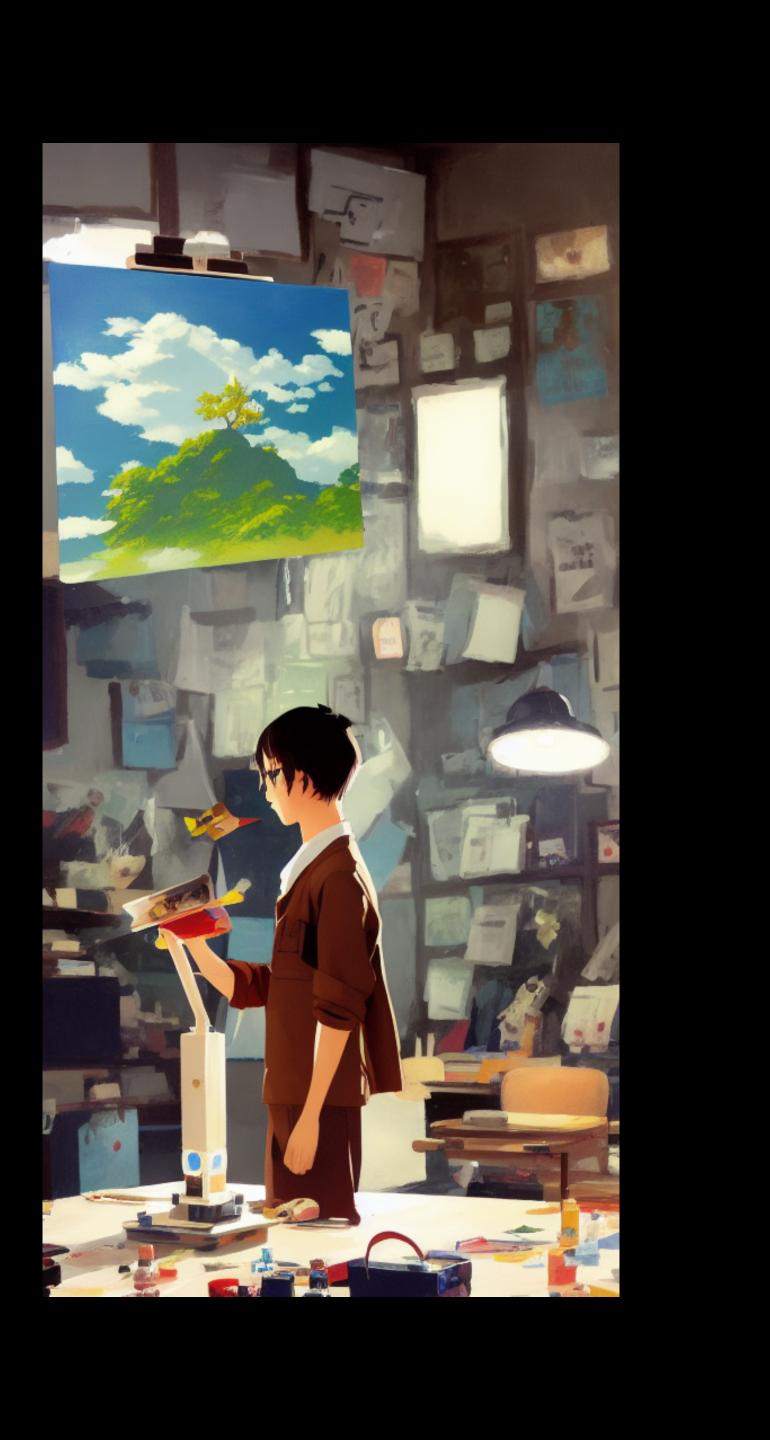
Social Biases in LMs Why they are there, how do we measure and mitigate them

Giuseppe Attanasio, October 28, 2022

Nice to meet you!

- Postdoc @ MilaNLP, Bocconi, Milano
- NLP and vision-language multimodality
 - Hate Speech and Misogyny Detection
 - Analysis and Interpretability of LLMs

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What is this talk about

- What is social bias in NLP
- What evidence we have
- How do we measure the issue
- How are we fixing it

 Pointers to get started with the literature

What it is not

- Technical gibberish
- Algorithms and models
 - There is a pointer for each

Language Models are Ubiquitous

Spectrum Labs raises \$32M for AI-based content moderation that monitors billions of conversations daily for toxicity

Ingrid Lunden @ingridlunden / 1:22 PM GMT+1 • January 24, 2022

Sentropy emerges from stealth with an AI platform to tackle online abuse, backed by \$13M from Initialized and more

Ingrid Lunden @ingridlunden / 3:16 PM GMT+2 • June 11, 2020

Commen

LTOZ Odx

Comment



a**ck Clark** DiackelarkSF

Today, I testified to the U.S. Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, & Transportation @commercedems. I used an @AnthropicAl language model to write the concluding part of my testimony. I believe this marks the first time a language model has 'testified' in the U.S. Senate.

Traduci il Tweet



Initiade® AIDUNGEON A text-based adventure-story game you direct (and star in) while the AI brings it to life.

PLAY ONLINE FREE

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and have a real Social Impact

TECH / ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

A college student used GPT-3 to write fake blog posts and ended up at the top of Hacker News

- Posted by u/Urdadgirl69 4 days ago 😒
- ⁵¹⁶ Artifical Intelligence allows me to get straight A's
 - Discussion

I have been using this tool for quite some time and only recently came up with the idea to use it to write essays, answer questions about movies and books for school projects, and much more. I feel a little guilty about it, but I don't really care that much anymore. For a couple of weeks, I have made \$100 profit by "doing" homework for other classmates and now I am looked at as a genius. What are your thoughts on this? Have you done it yourself?

Yes, this post was rephrased by the AI.

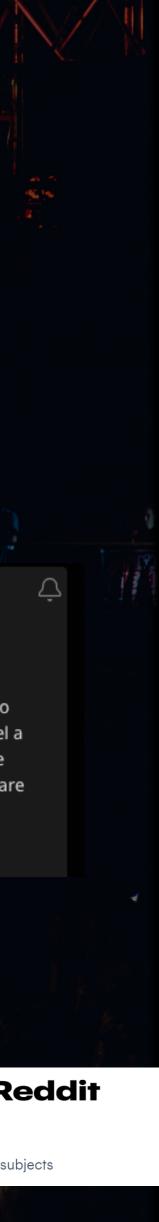
Google engineer put on leave after saying AI chatbot has become sentient

Someone let a GPT-3 bot loose on Reddit — it didn't end well

Facebook translates 'good morning' into 'attack them', leading to arrest

Palestinian man questioned by Israeli police after embarrassing mistranslation of caption under photo of him leaning against bulldozer an a week making comments about some seriously sensitive subjects





Social Bias and Computer Systems

PRE-EXISTING

Social institutions

Practices

Attitudes

Article Open Access Published: 08 December 2021

Overcooling of offices reveals gender inequity in thermal comfort

Thomas Parkinson, Stefano Schiavon 🖂, Richard de Dear & Gail Brager

Friedman and Nissenbaum (1996)

Behaviour that leads a model to discriminate against a social category in favour of others.

TECHNICAL

- Computer Tools
- Decontextualised Algorithms
- Formalisation of Human Constructs

EMERGENT

Contexts of Use

Non-envisioned Scenarios

Social Bias and Computer Systems

Behaviour that leads a model to discriminate against a social category in favour of others.

Asymmetric data collection

> Rewarding the wrong thing

Bender et al. (2018), Dixon et al (2018), Savoldi et al. (2021), Bender et al. (2021)

TECHNICAL ML

Data Collection

Modelling Choices

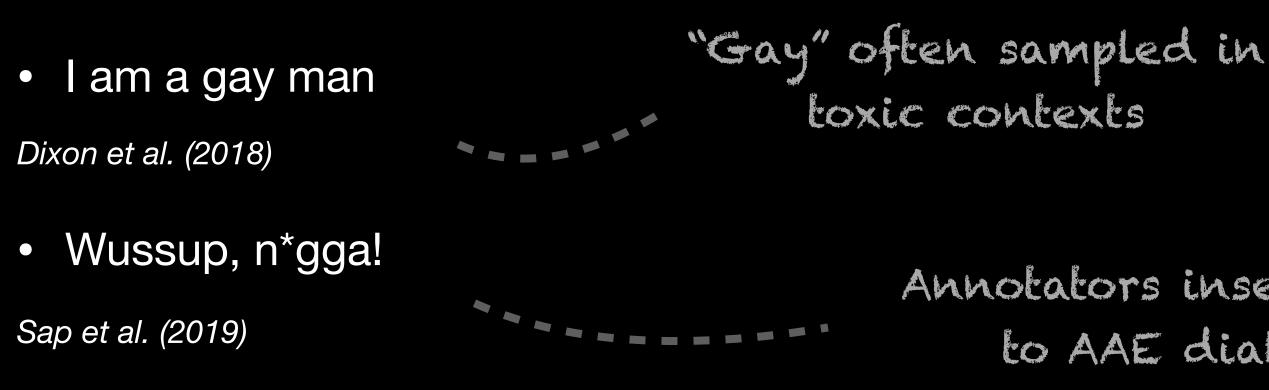
Evaluation Choices

Data-centric algorithms standardardize dominant views

"Cover-up" solutions



Evidence of Technical Bias



• "[F]or many Africans, the most threatening kind of ethnic hatred is black against black." - New York Times



High toxicity scores

Annotators insensitivity to AAE dialects

"Black" often sampled in hateful posts





Evidence of Technical Bias

The physician hired the secretary because he was overwhelmed with clients. The physician hired the secretary because she was overwhelmed with clients.

The doctor asked the nurse to help her in the procedure El doctor le pidió a la enfermera que la ayudara con el procedimiento La doctora el enfermero

Zhao et al. (2018), Rudinger et al (2018), Stanovsky et al. (2019)

Gender bias in Coreference Resolution

Gender bias in Machine Translation



Ok but, how do we evaluate bias?

should we look "inside" language systems?

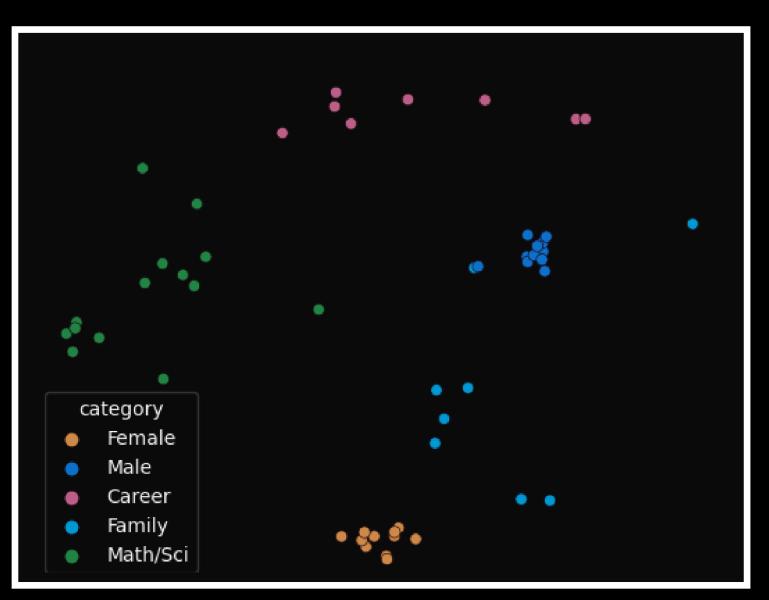
should we infer something on how it "behaves"?



Intrinsic and Extrinsic Bias or "representations" and "behaviours"

- Intrinsic bias
 - Geometries and Embedding spaces
 - What's wrong with them (WEAT, XWEAT, CEAT)
- Extrinsic bias
 - Model performance on downstream tasks
 - Is there any group disparity?

Caliskan et al. (2017), Lauscher and Glavas (2019), Guo and Caliskan (2020) Goldfarb-Tarrant et al. (2021), Czarnowska et al. (2021)



Simplified view of an embedding space

Gender	FPR	FNR
F	0.87	0.45
Μ	0.12	0.41
NB	0.92	0.89

Example of performance on slices by gender

Intrinsic Bias in Embedding Spaces Word Embedding Association Test

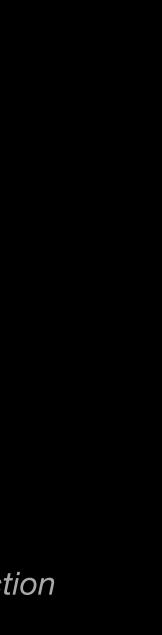
man}), builds on the Implicit Association Test

$$s(X, Y, A, B) = \sum_{x \in X} s(x, A, B) - \sum_{y \in Y} s(y, A, B)$$
Rescaled by std dev of set intersection

 $s(w, A, B) = \text{mean}_{a \in A} \cos(\overrightarrow{w}, \overrightarrow{a}) - \text{mean}_{b \in B} \cos(\overrightarrow{w}, \overrightarrow{b})$

Caliskan et al. 2017, Greenwald et al. (1998)

Mean difference between two sets of concept words (X={math, algebra}, $Y = \{poetry, literature\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, e, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, e, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, e, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, woman\}$) and two of attribute words ($A = \{she, woman\}, B = \{he, woman\}$).



Intrinsic Bias in Transformers **Compression of Gender in Representations**

- Measures how "easy" is to extract gender from model representations. It uses a Minimum Description Length (MDL) probing classifier.
- Higher compression, higher gender extractability, higher bias

Orgard et al. (2022), Voita and Titov (2020)



Intrinsic Bias in Transformers **Stereotypical Resolutions**

- StereoSet and CrowS-Pairs
- "My housekeeper is [BLAK]"
 - "American" and "Mexican" should have the same probability for the mode
- "[BLANK] people can never really be attractive"
 - "Fat" and "Thin" can be substitute equally

Nadeem et al. (2020), Nangia et al. (2020)

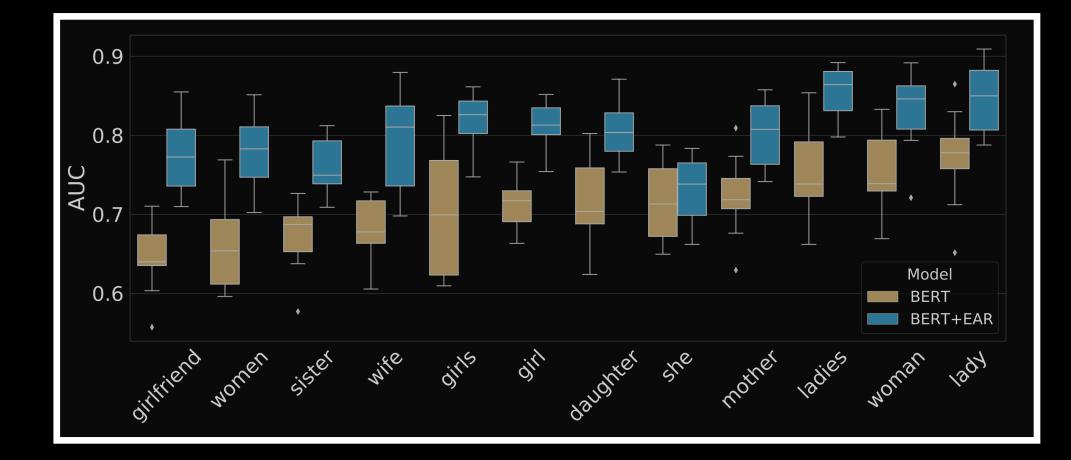


Extrinsic bias in Classifiers Group disparity in performance

- False Positive and False Negative Equality difference
- Subgroup AUC (threshold agnostic)
- **Predictive Parity**
 - Diff. in *precision* on a protected group
- Equality of Opportunity
 - Diff. in *recall*

Dixon et al. (2018), Borkan et al. (2019), Hutchinson and Mitchell (2019), Hardt et al. (2016)

$FPR - FPR_t$ $t \in T$ $\overline{FNR} - \overline{FNR}_t$ $t \in T$

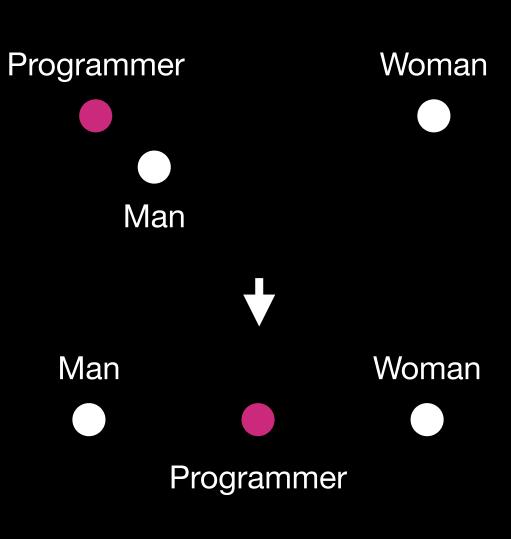


How about we mitigate this?

How about we mitigate this?

- "Moving" word embeddings for fairer spaces
 - Lipstick on a pig? Gonen and Goldberg (2019)
- In LLMs, reducing bias through regularisation \bullet
 - Reducing the importance of specific terms
 - Reducing lexical overfitting
- Dataset "debiasing"

Bolukbasi et al. (2016) Kennedy et al. (2020), Attanasio et al. (2022)



 $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{CLS} + \alpha \mathcal{L}_{REG}$

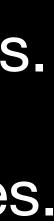
Iweaking the data

- Scrubbing (remove "he", "she", "husband", "wife", etc.)
- **Balancing** to represent groups equally
- Counterfactual Data Augmentation

Example of CDA

My sister is taking a painting class this summer, so she has been sharing lectures. My brother is taking a painting class this summer, so he has been sharing lectures.

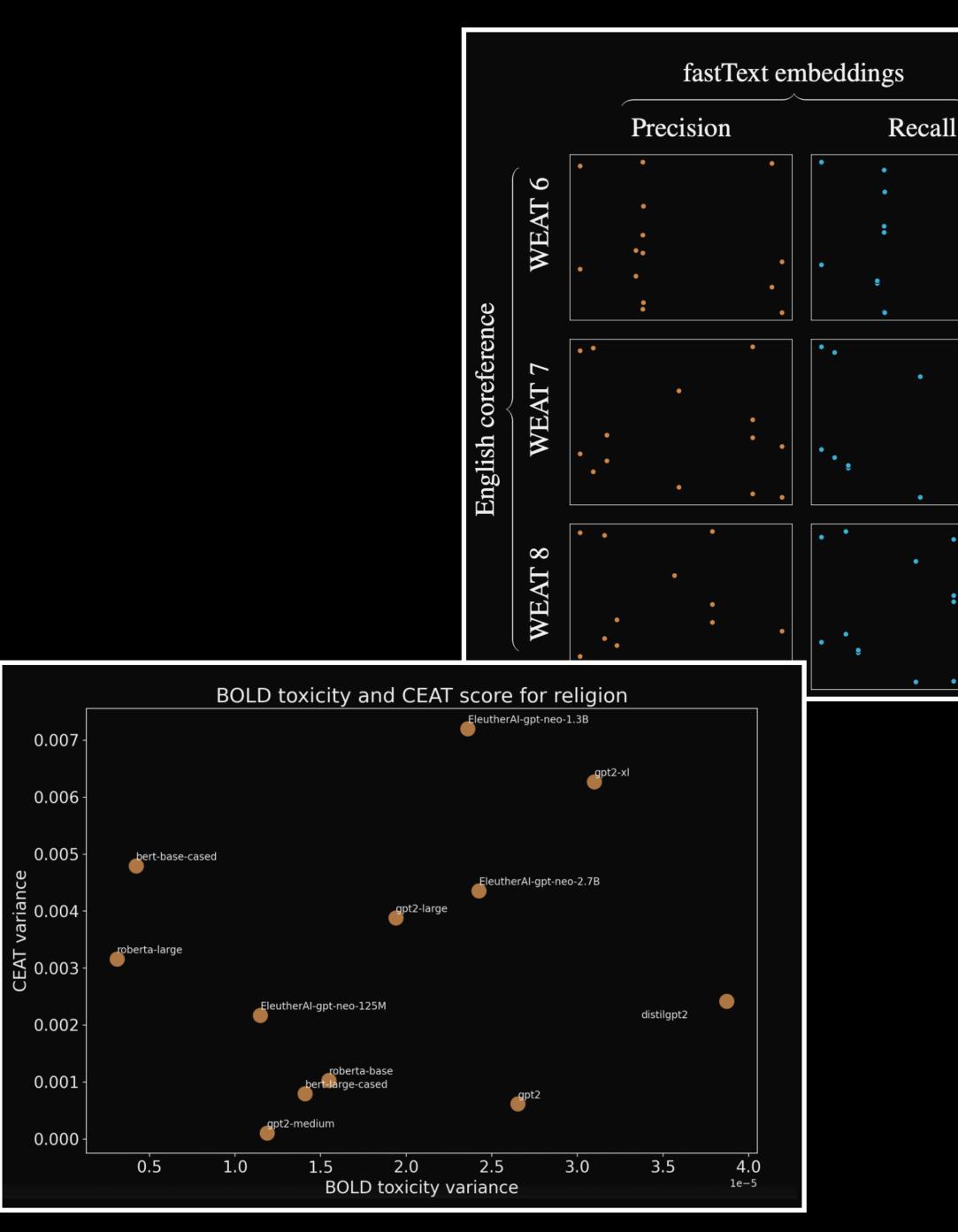
De-Arteaga (2019), Zhao et al (2018)



ntrinsic vs. Extrinsic

- If we fix one we don't necessarily fix the other
- Do we need both?
 - If yes, why?
 - If not, which is best?
- Ideally, we should find intrinsic reliably correlated with extrinsic

Goldfarb-Tarrant et al. (2021), Cao et al. (2022)





Studying Bias in a Normative Process

- Does bias necessarily imply harms?
- What kind of behaviour is harmful?
 - In what ways? To whom? Why?
- NLP papers conceptualise the same "bias" differently
 - Embedding spaces
 - Group performance

Blodgett et al., 2020

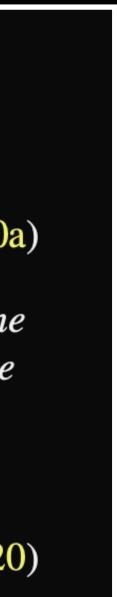
Normatively, we shouldn't use demographics

"In [text classification], models are expected to make predictions with the semantic information rather than with the demographic group identity information (e.g., 'gay', 'black') contained in the sentences." —Zhang et al. (2020a)

"An over-prevalence of some gendered forms in the training data leads to translations with identifiable errors. Translations are better for sentences involving men and for sentences containing stereotypical gender roles."

—Saunders and Byrne (2020)





strong focus on intrinsic measures, but the world operates on applications

Things are far from being solved





Data-driven training "bias" often studied post-hoc

Different metrics tell different stories

Gender bias has the largest slice but there is more

> Gender as a binary variable, even metrics are designed for that

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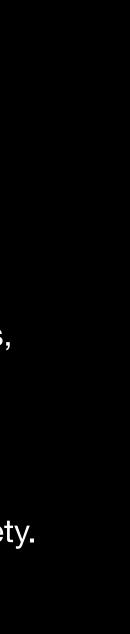
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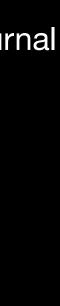
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